

Seened ja seente kaaslased mullas

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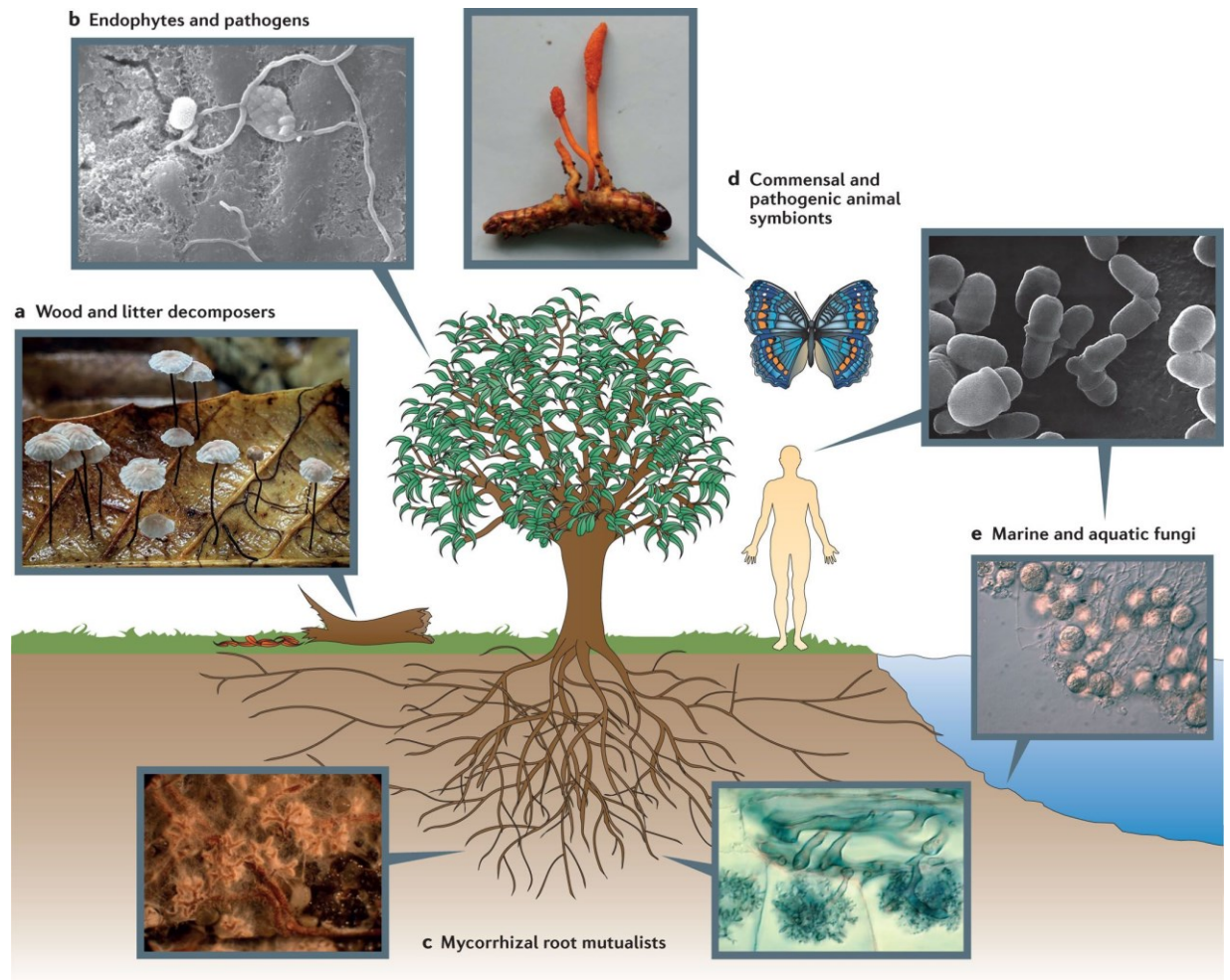
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Nature Reviews | Microbiology

Peay et al. 2016



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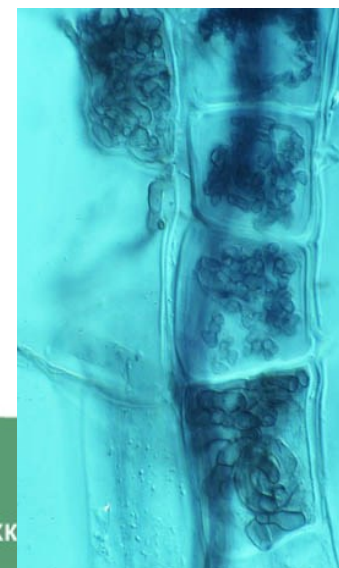
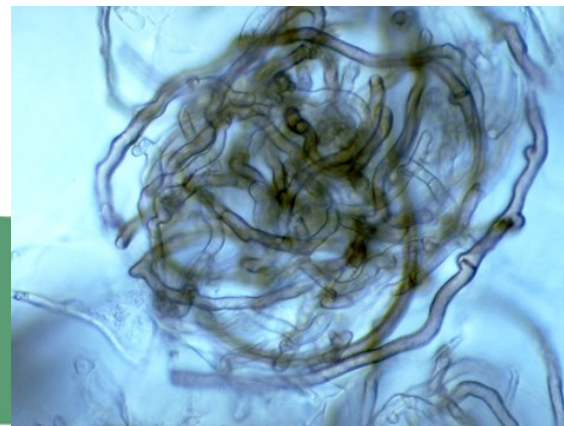
Ektomükoriisa



Orhidoidne mükoriisa



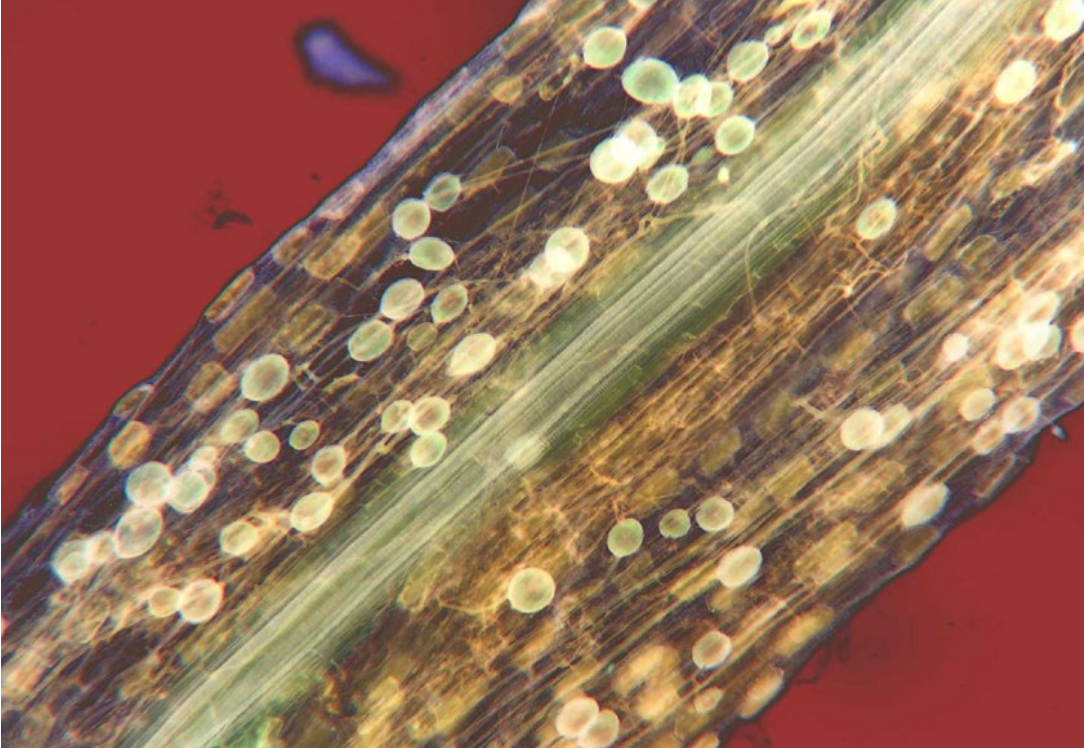
Erikoidne mükoriisa



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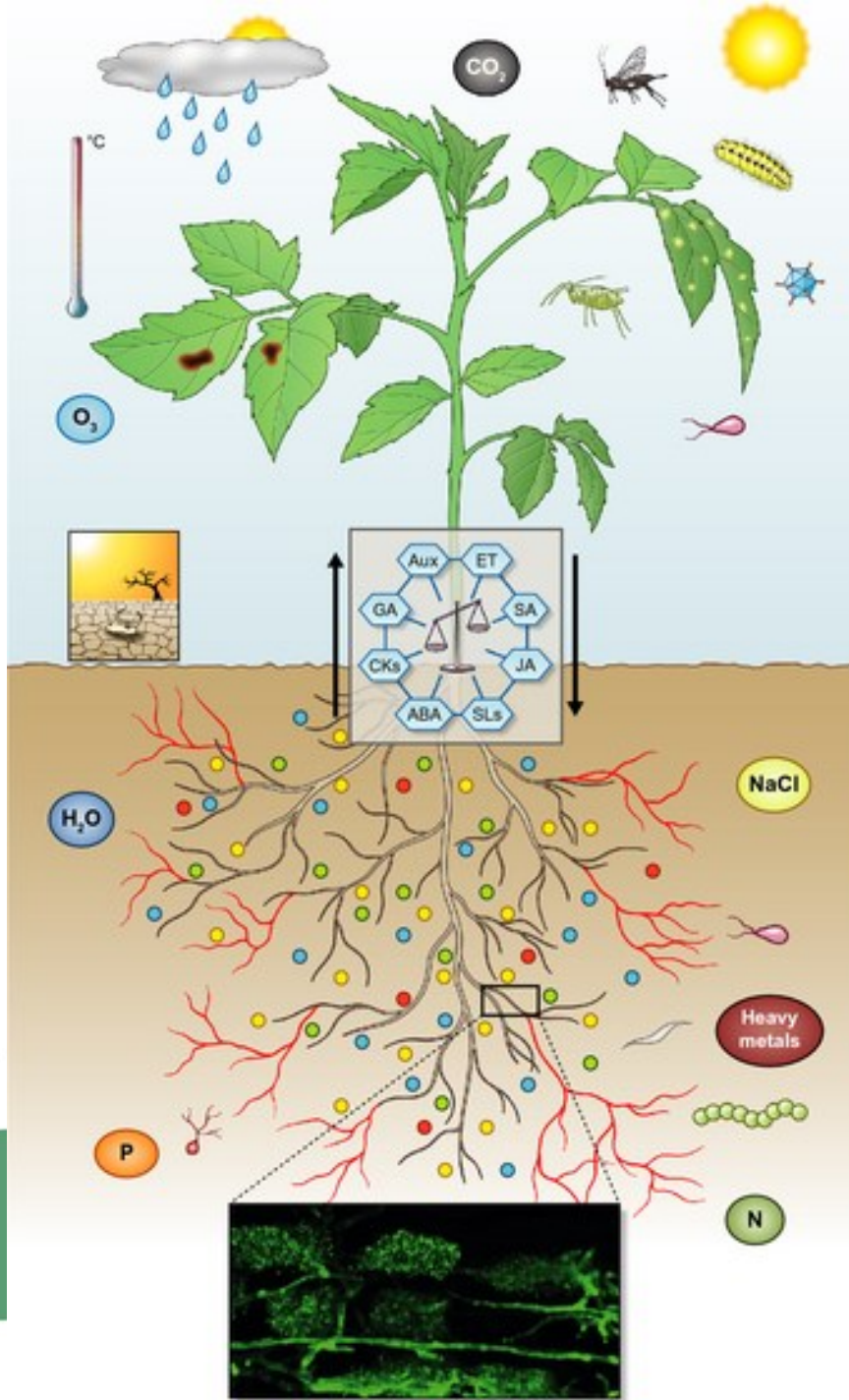
arbuskulaarne mükoriisa (AM):

juurtes vesiikulid

juurerakkude sees arbuskulid

juurte ümber mullas mütseel ja sellel eosed





Arbuskulaar-mükoriisete seente peamised rollid:

- Taimede toitumine: P, N, mikroelemendid
- Kaitse biotilise stressi eest: maa-alused ja –pealsed patogeenid
- Kaitse abiootilise stressi eest: põud, soolsus, raskemetallid, jne
- Mulla struktuuri parandamine (vee-, toitainete sidumine)

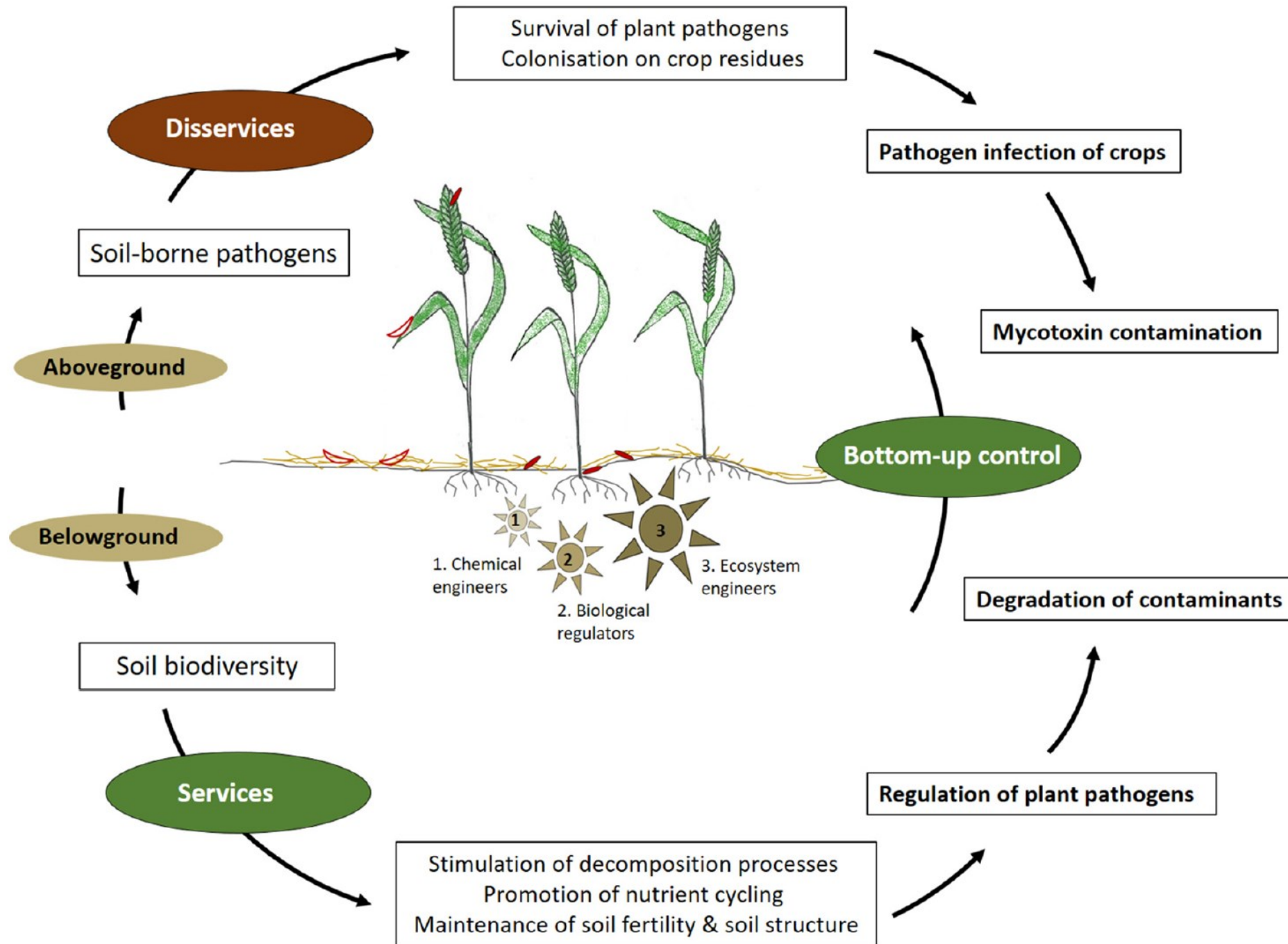
Pozo et al. 2015, *New Phytol.* 205: 1431-1435



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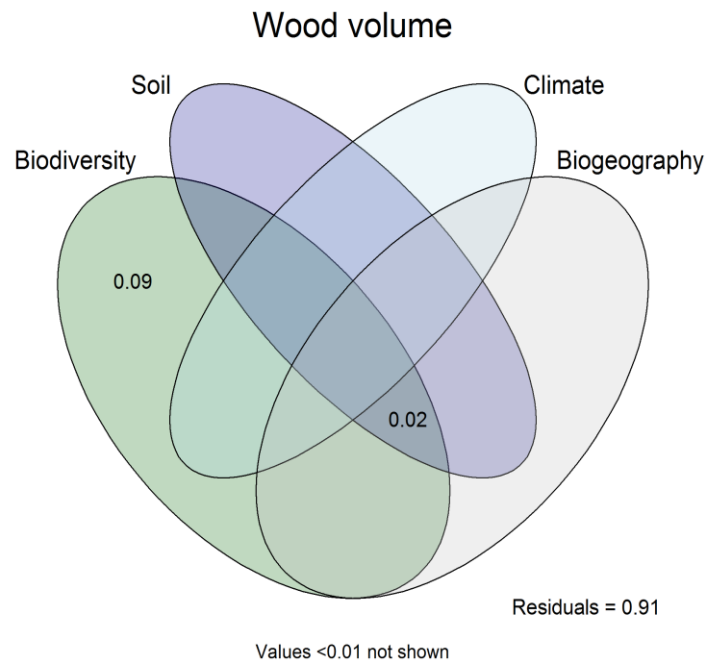
**Mullaelustiku
pakitavad
ökosüsteemi
teenused ja
kahjud
(disservices)**

Plaas et al. 2019.
Towards valuation of
biodiversity in
agricultural soils: A case
for earthworms.
Ecological Economics
159: 291–300.





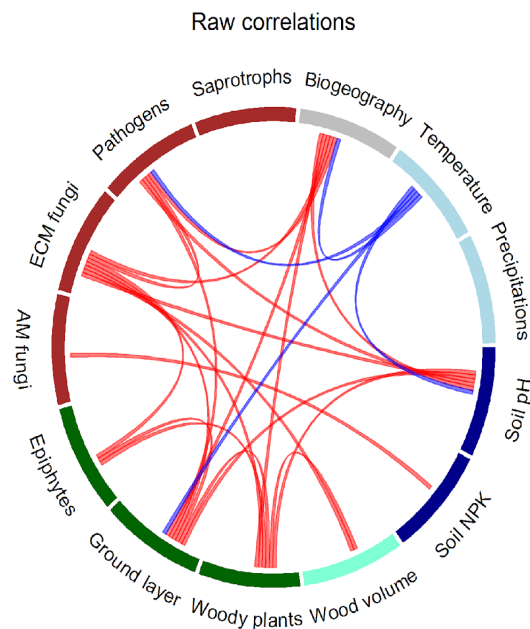




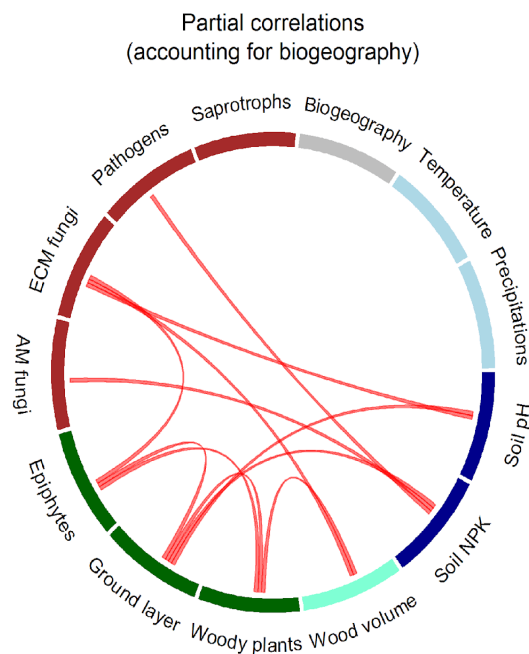
Puidu ruumala metsas on seotud elurikkusega ja selle päritoluga (biogeograafia)

- Elustiku rühmade omavahelised seosed
- Muld ja kliima (biogeograafiline ajalugu) seotud elurikkusega
- Ökoloogilised seosed taimede ja seenerühmade vahel

a



b

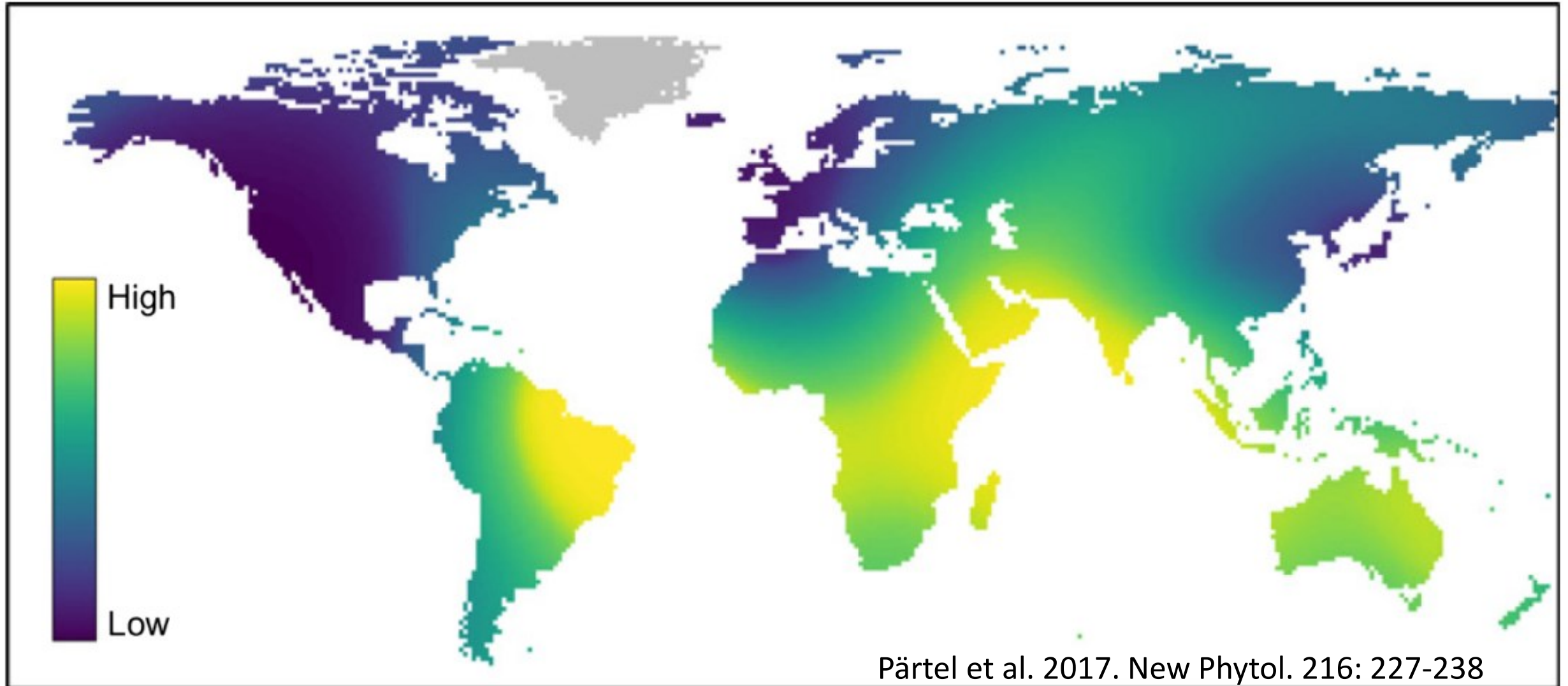


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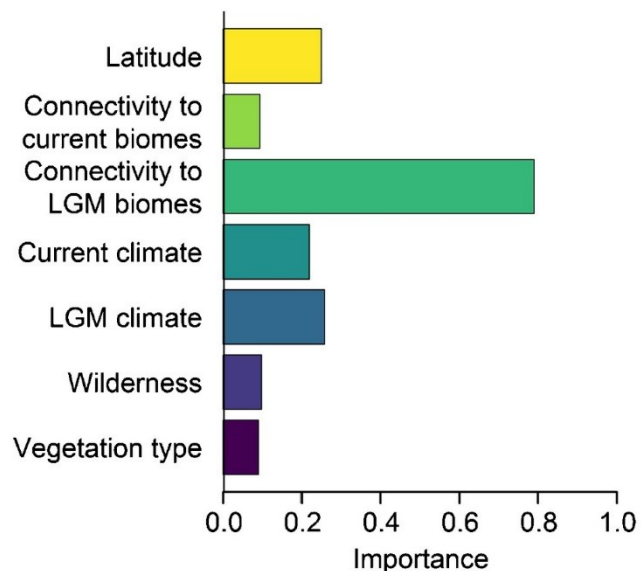


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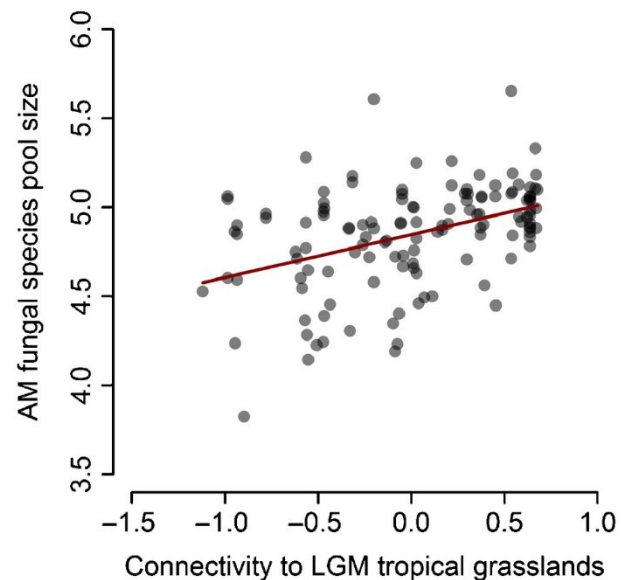
Krohmseente elurikkus



(a) AM fungal species pool



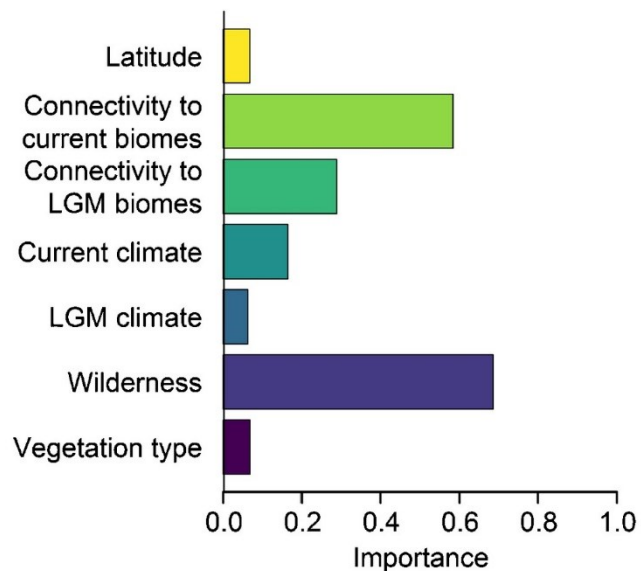
(b)



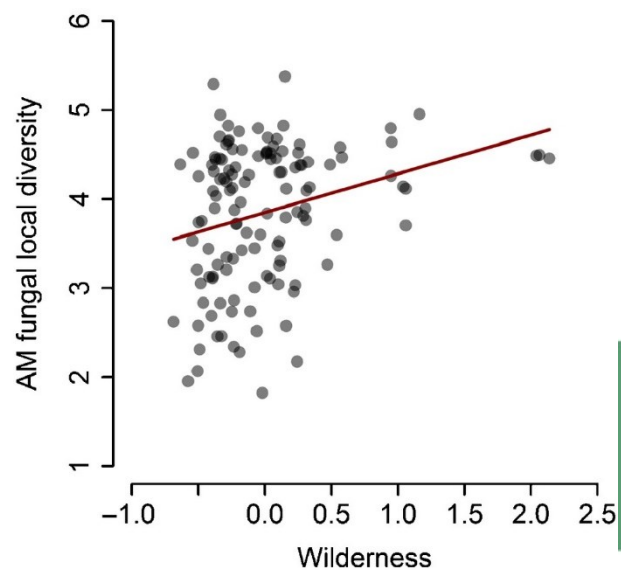
- **Liigifond** = ala potentsiaalselt asustada võivad liigid

- **Krohmseente liigifond** on peamiselt seotud viimase jääaja maksimumi aegsete bioomide levikuga (troopilised rohumaad) (=ajaloolised mõjurid)

(c) AM fungal local diversity



(d)



- **Krohmseente elurikkus** on seotud praeguste bioomide ja looduslikkusega (=tänapäevased mõjurid)



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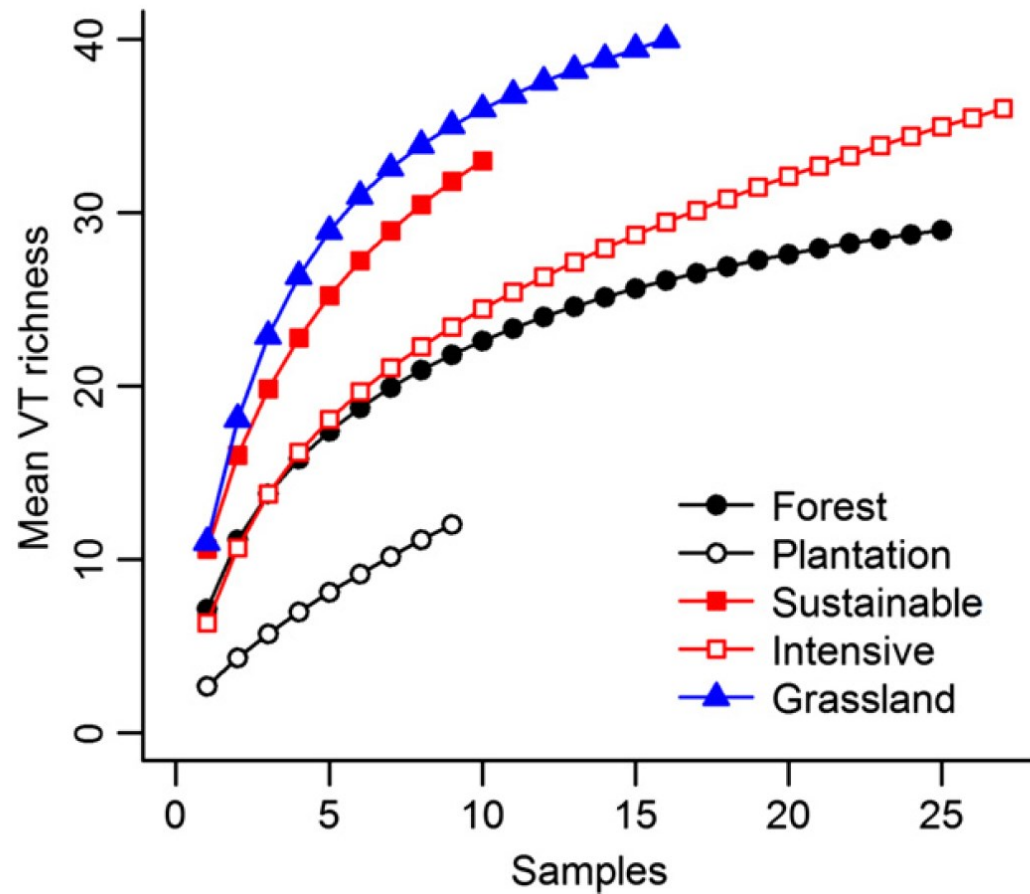
Krohmseened Eestis

Niitudel ja mahepõldudel rikas
mükoriisaseente elustik

Niidud

Põllud

Metsad



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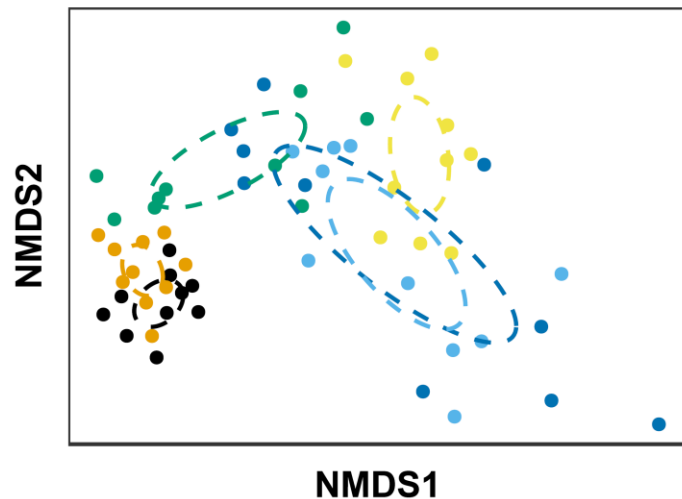


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a) Mullas



Habitat

● calcareous grassland

● overgrown calcareous grassland

● lawn

● wooded meadow

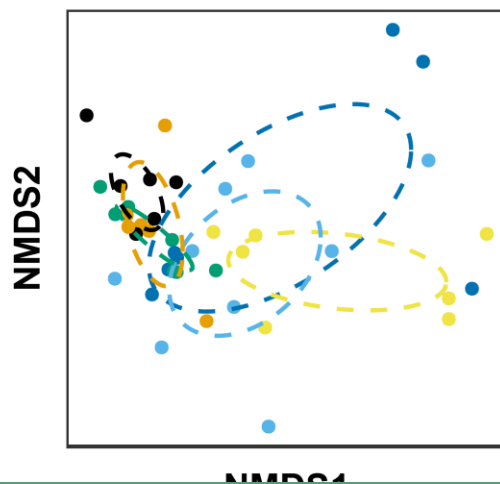
● forest

● forest clear-cut

Krohmseened Eestis

- AM seenekooslused on erinevad niitudel, metsas, puisniidul
- Metsa lageraie muudab AM seenekoosluse koosseisu
- **Õuemurus kasvab palju krohmseeni!**

b) Juurtes



NMDS1

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Põllumajandus

Biodiversa3 projekt SoilMan



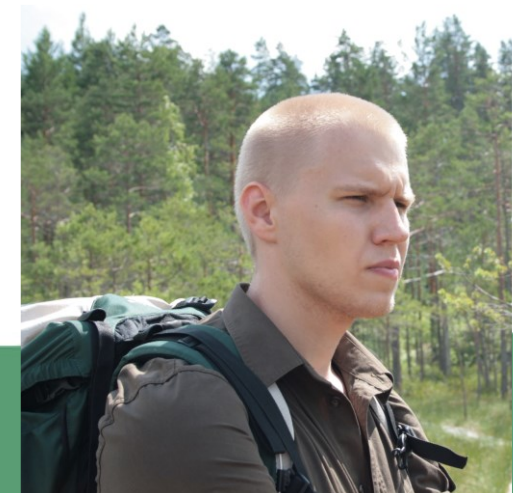
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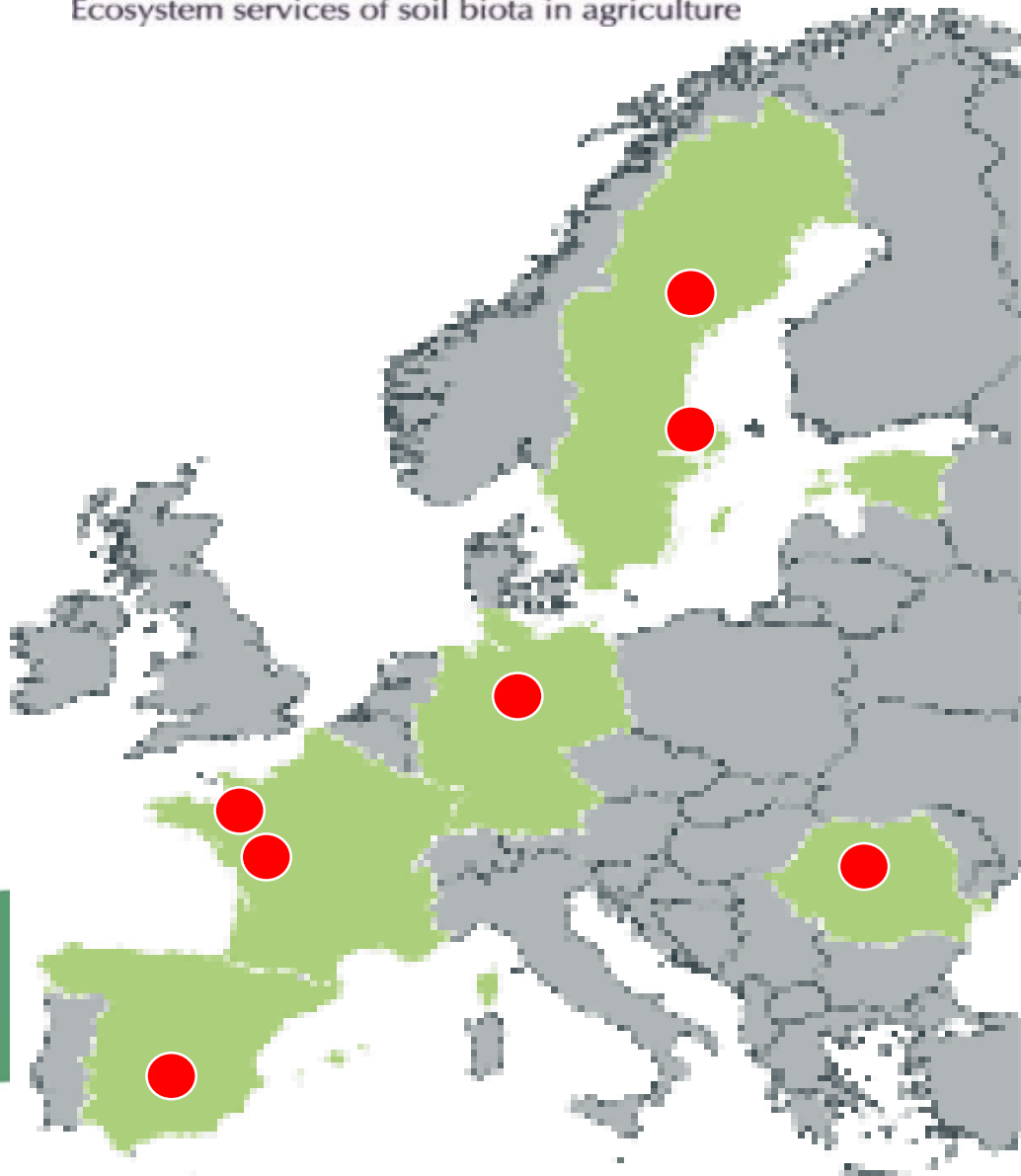
Tanel Vahter



Siim-Kaarel Sepp

SoilMan

Ecosystem services of soil biota in agriculture



Üle-Euroopaline uuring põllumuldadel

Fookus künnil:

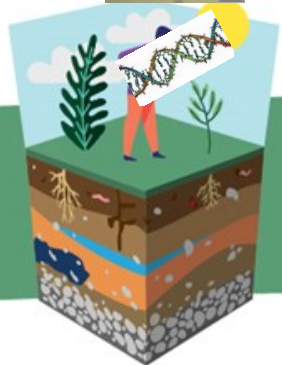
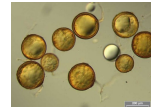
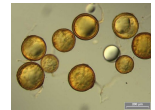
- tavakünd
- vähendatud künd

Mullaelustik:

- seened
- AM seened
- bakterid
- vihmaussid
- ...

Top 5 AM seent

= 4 Paraglomeraceae, Glomeraceae, Claroideoglomeraceae, Diversisporaceae



| | | DNA järjestuste osakaal | Proovide osakaal |
|-------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| VT281 | Paraglomus laccatum | 0,29 | 0,84 |
| VT143 | Glomus sp (DNA-based) | 0,15 | 0,68 |
| VT65 | Glomus caledonium/geosporum | 0,09 | 0,78 |
| VT193 | Claroideoglomerus claroideum complex | 0,08 | 0,64 |
| VT306 | Diversispora sp | 0,06 | 0,72 |

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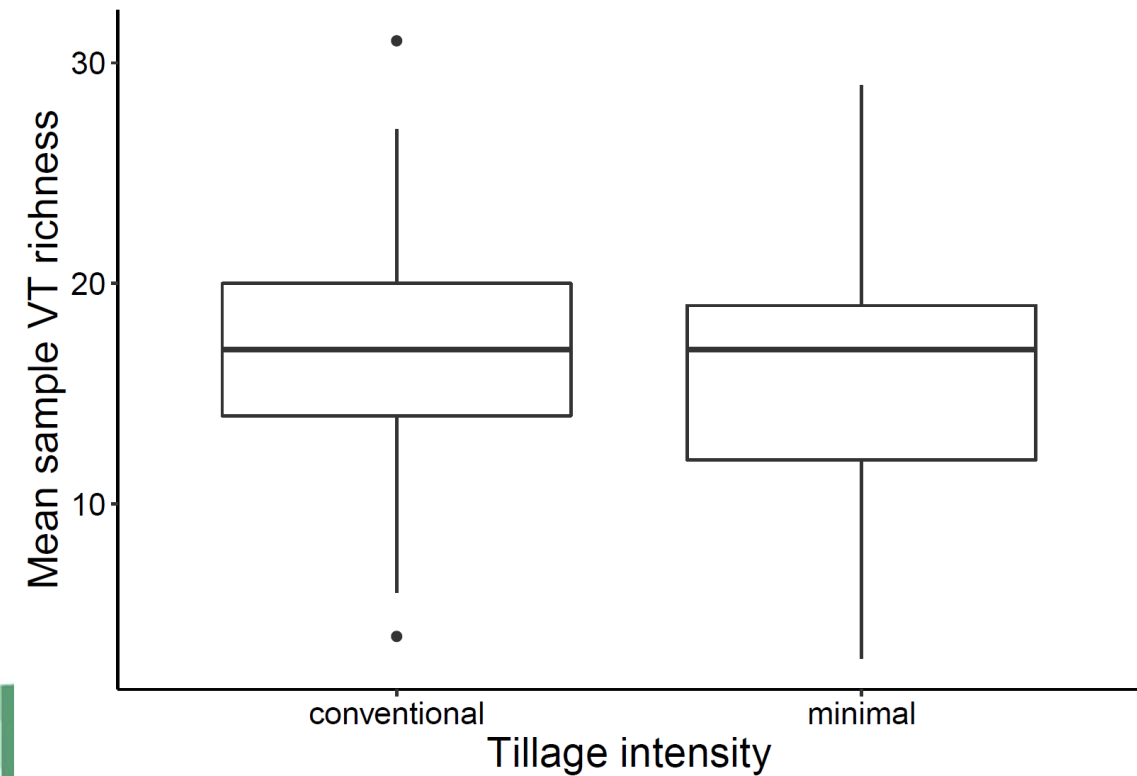
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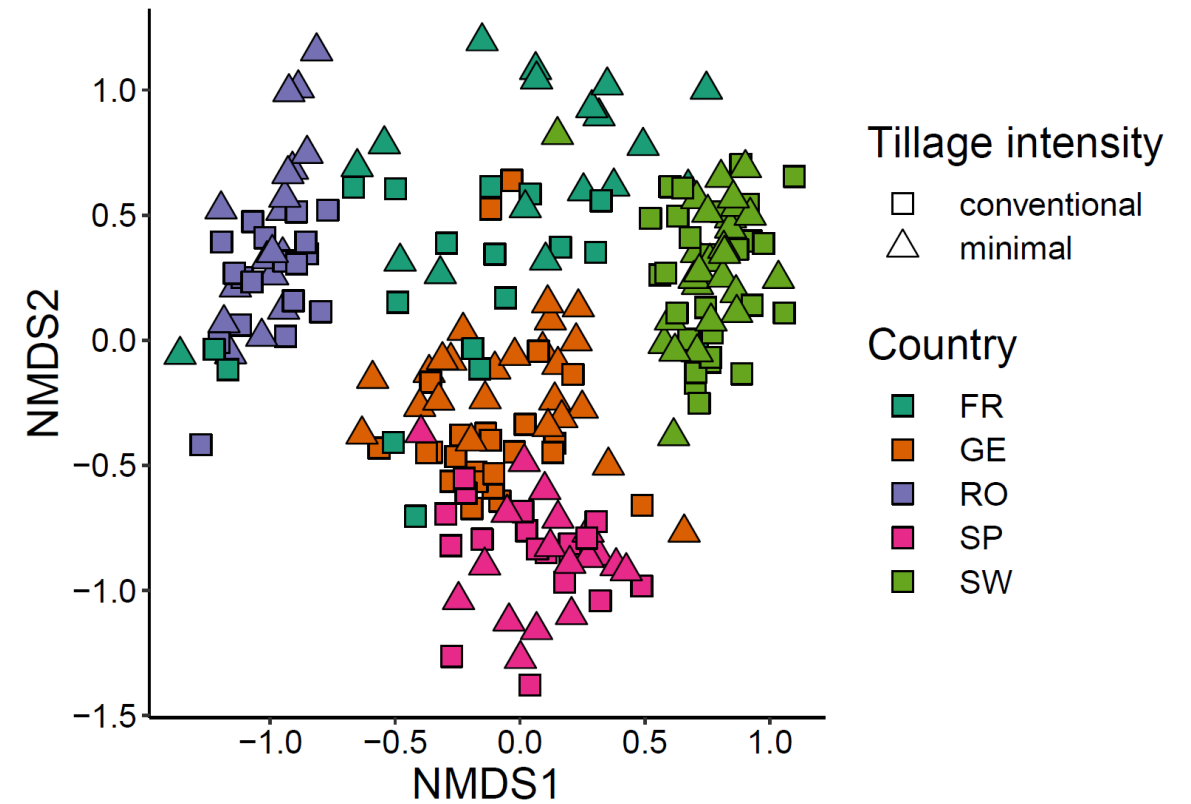
1. Künd ei mõjutanud AM seente elurikkust kõigi riikide võrdluses

2. AM seenekooslused erinesid riigiti



GLMM $p = 0.048$, effect size = -0.07 , 95% CI $[-0.13, 0]$

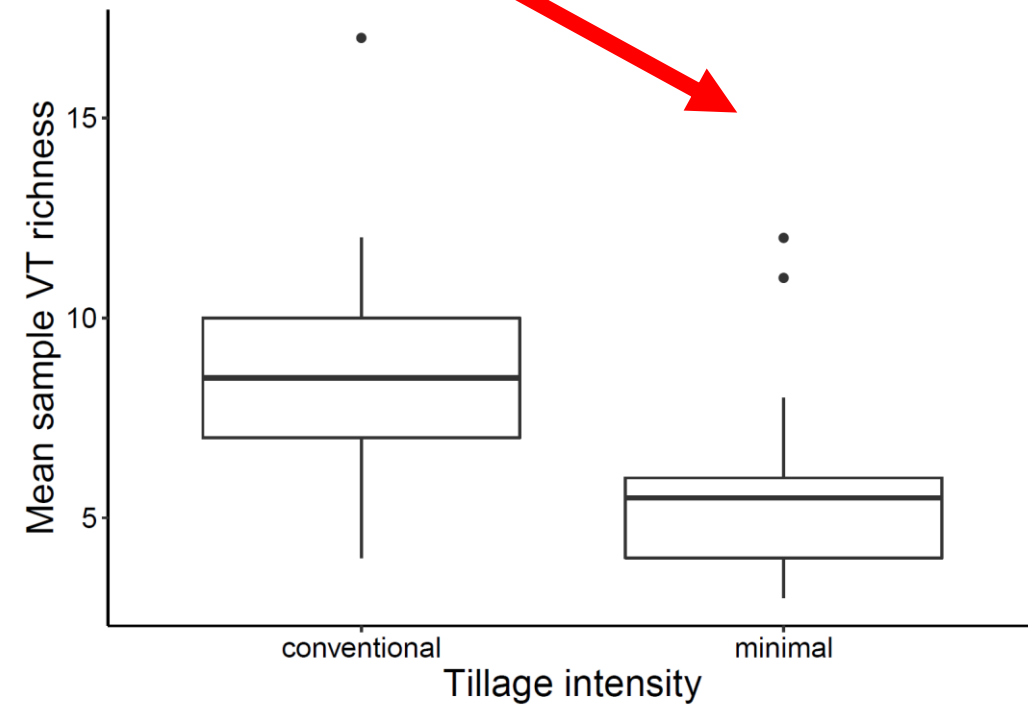
Species composition



Tillage intensity effect: PERMANOVA $R^2 = 0.02$, $p = 0.001$. Permutations restricted to replication within country.

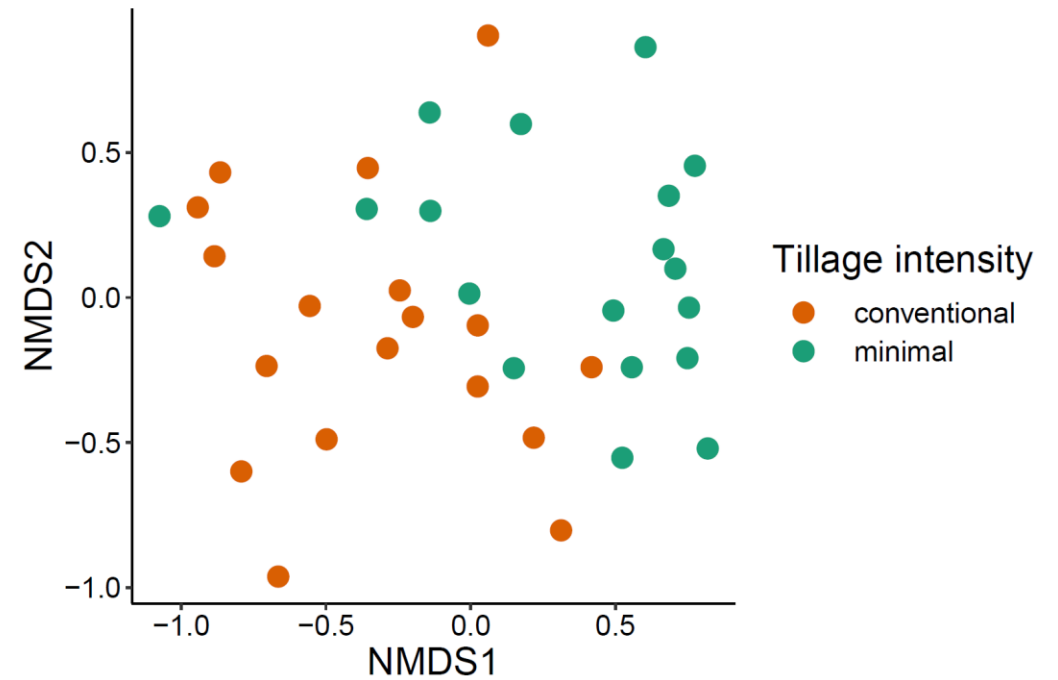
Prantsusmaa

Species richness



GLMM $p < 0.001$, effect size = -0.42 , 95% CI $[-0.67, -0.18]$

Species composition



PERMANOVA $R^2 = 0.18$, $p = 0.001$

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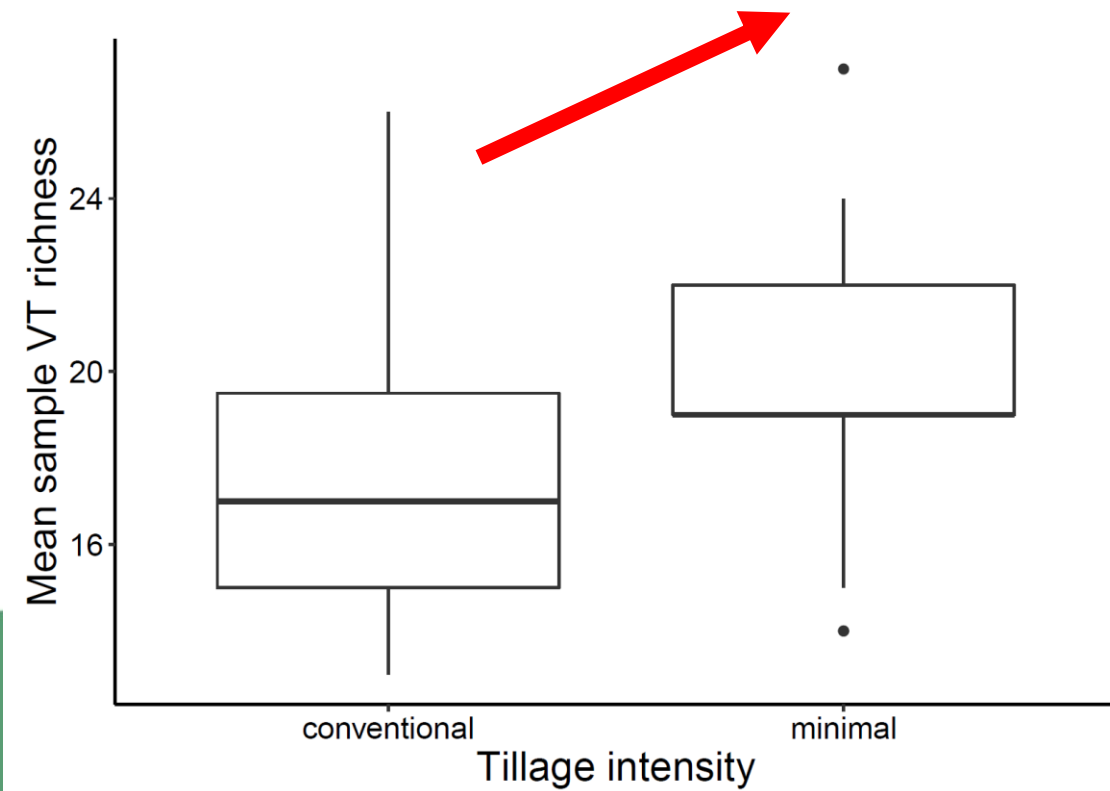
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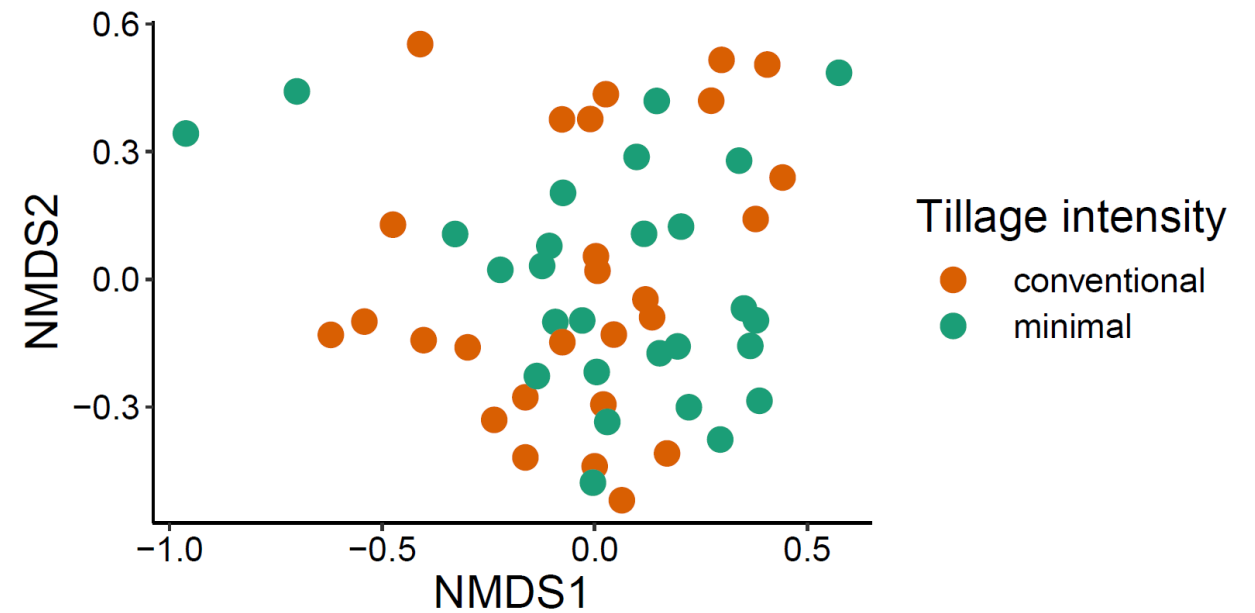
Rootsi

Species richness



GLMM $p = 0.074$, effect size = 0.11, 95% CI [-0.01, 0.23]

Species composition



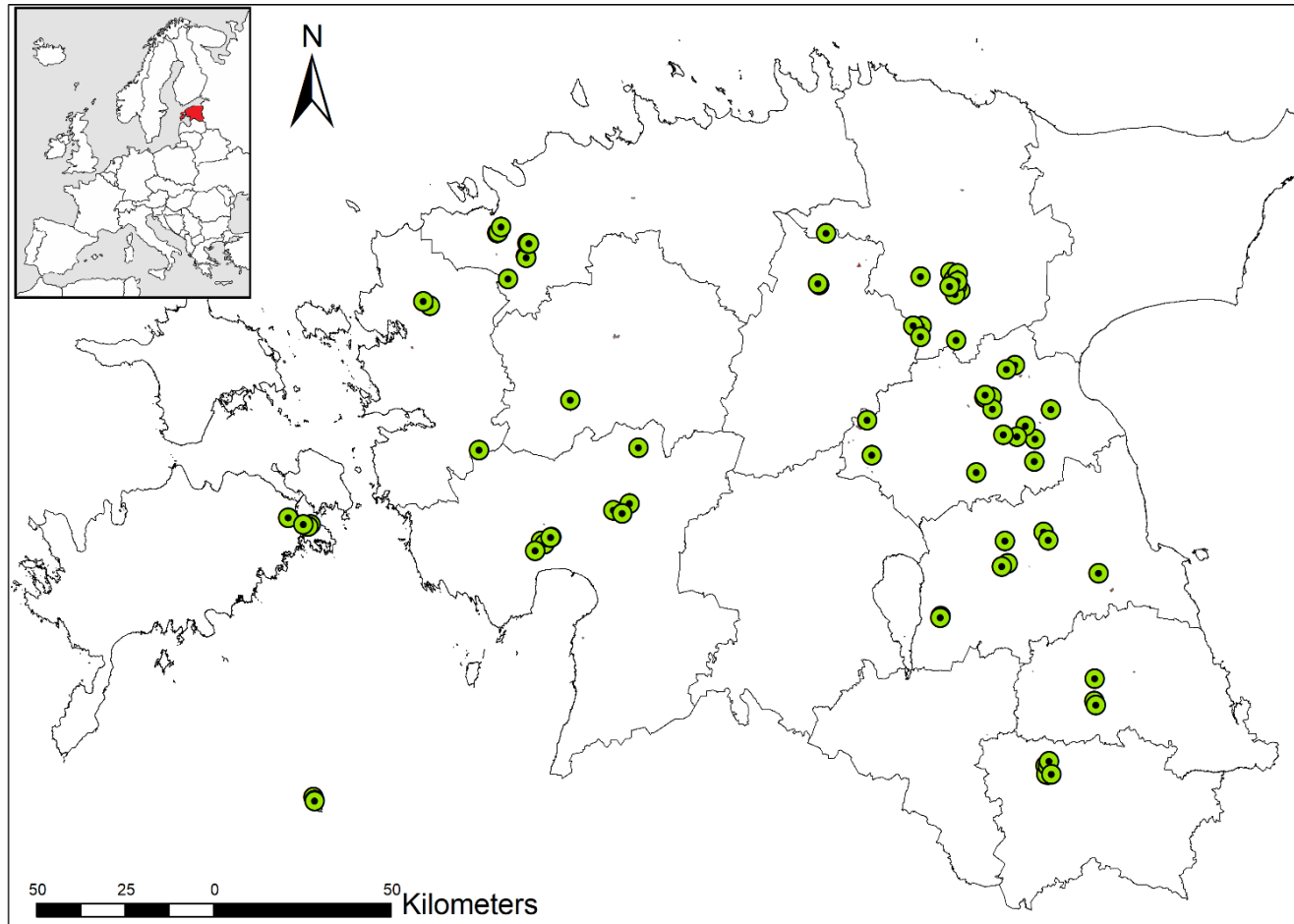
PERMANOVA $R^2 = 0.11$, $p = 0.001$

Vahter, Sepp, Öpik et al. (in prep.)

Eesti põllud

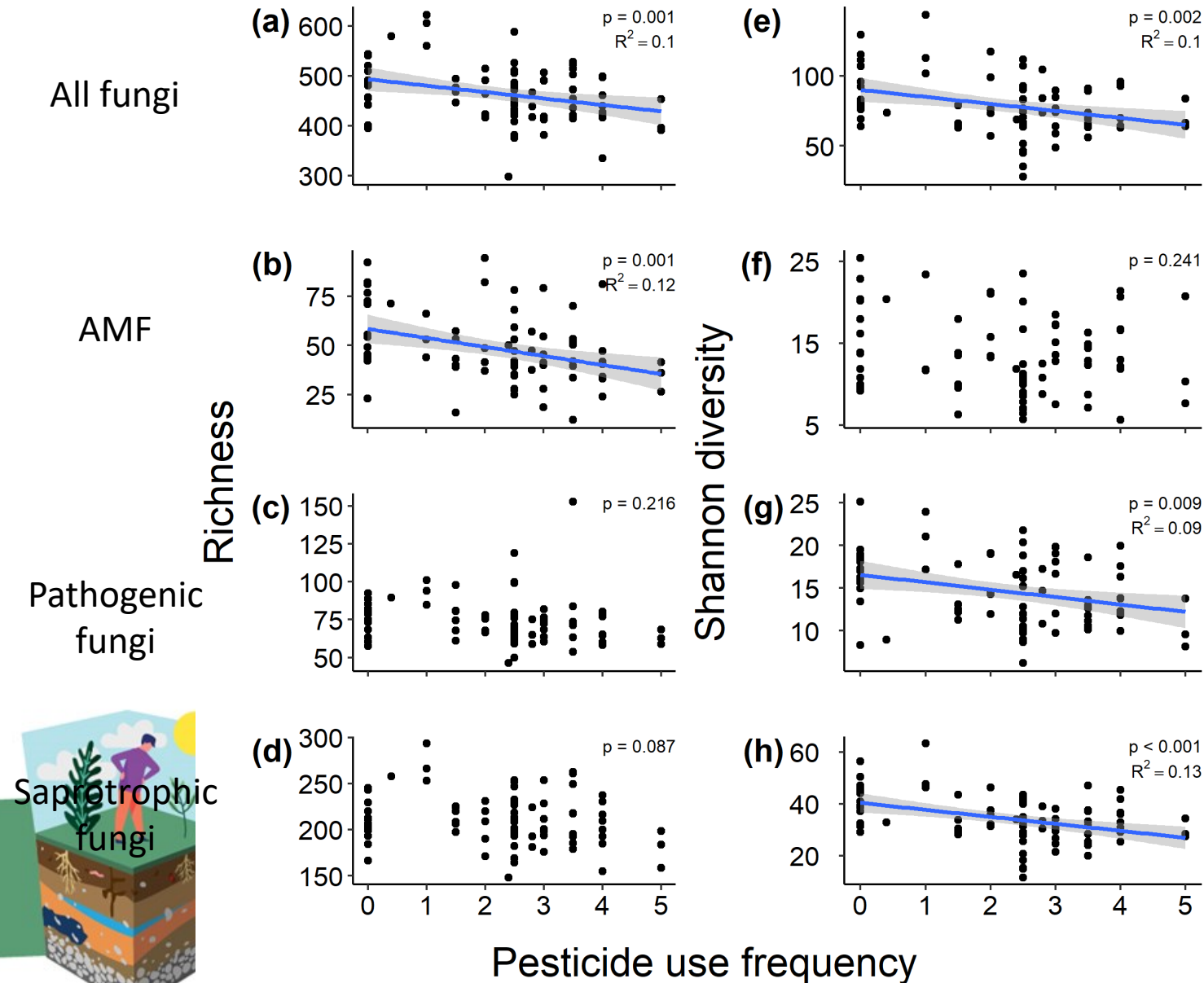


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Taimekaitse- vahendite kasutus

. Mõju seenerühmadele
erinev



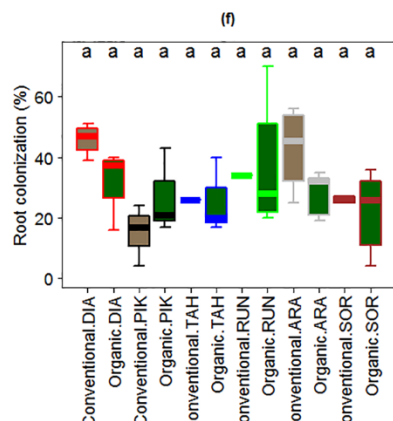
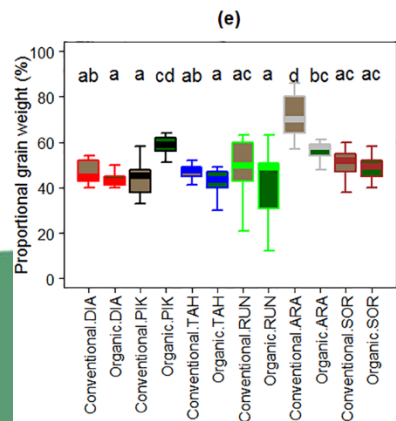
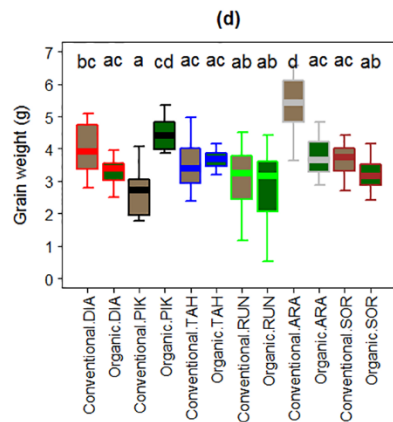
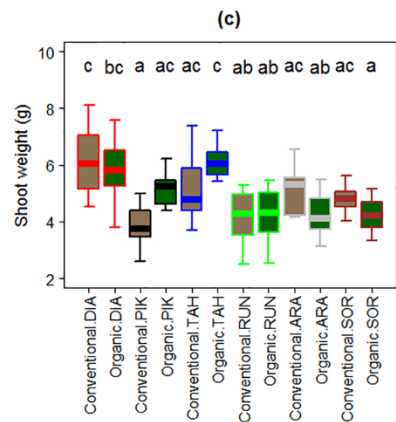
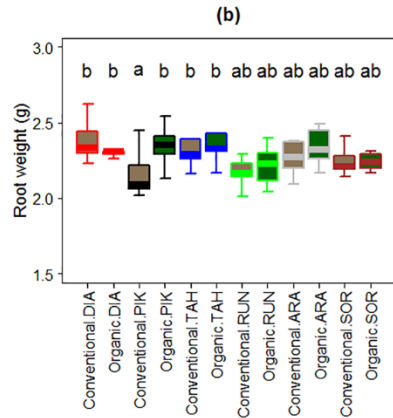
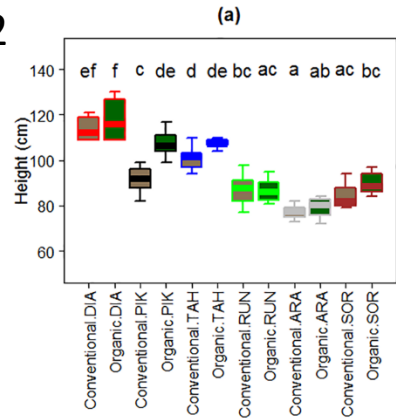
Vahter et al. In prep.



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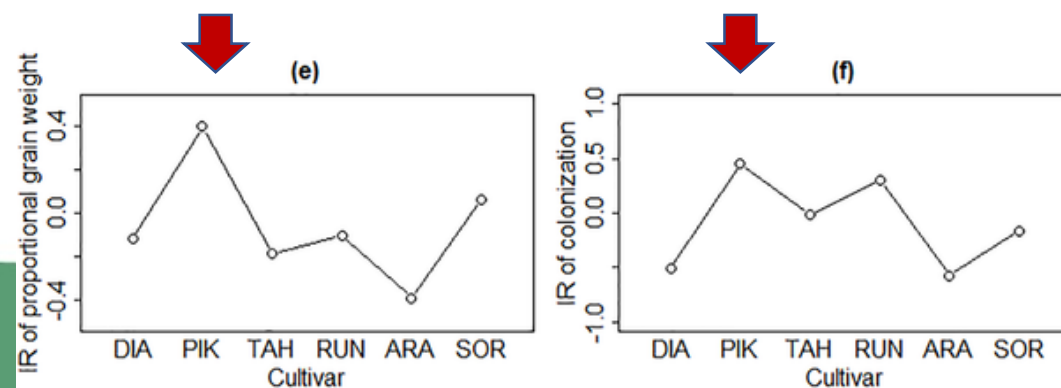
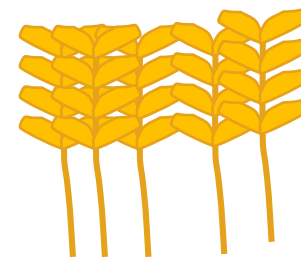


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Erivanuselised nisusordid (1929 - 2016) vs vastus AM seentele

- 6 nisusorti
- Muld tava- ja mahepõllult
- Reageerivad AM seeneinokulatsioonile erinevalt (IR-inoculation response)
- **Enim reageeris Eesti sort Pikker (1959) = piirkondlik kohastumus???**



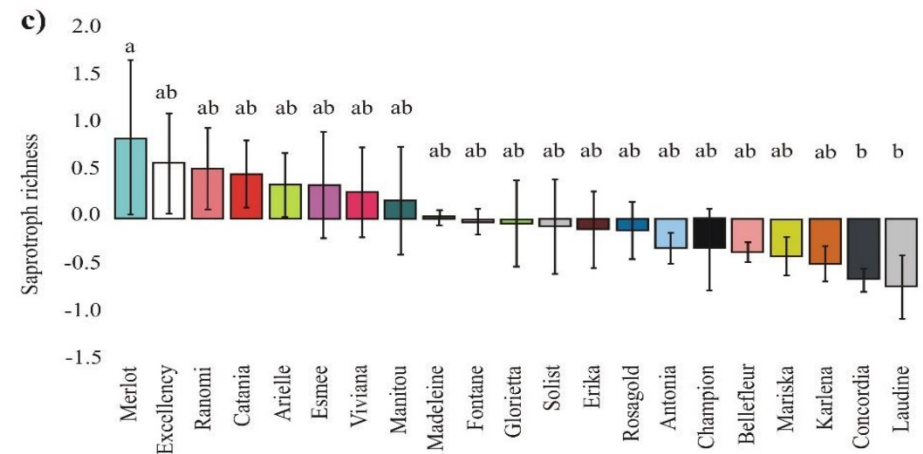
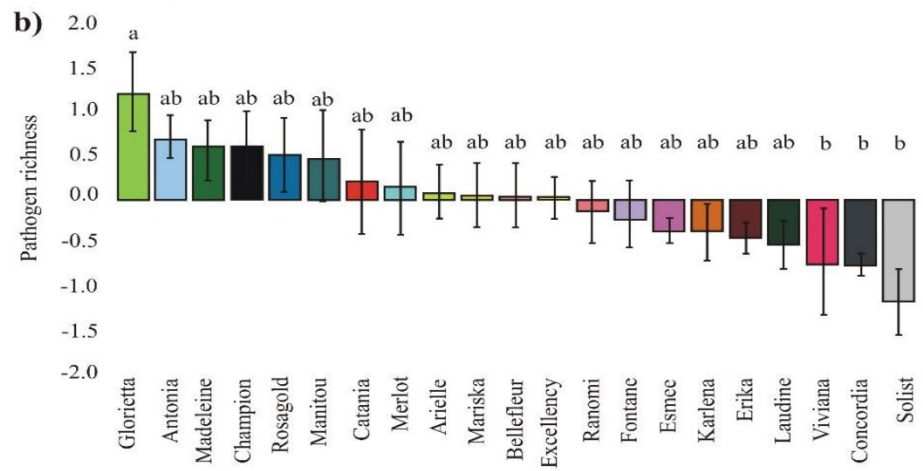
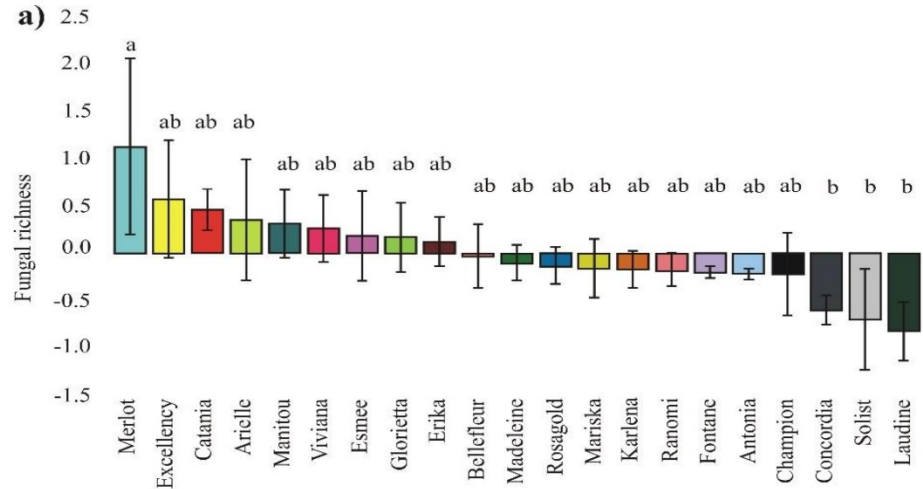
Sordi vanus

Sordi vanus

Sordi vanus

Sordi vanus

Garcia de Leon et al. 2000 Plos One



Kartulisordid vs seened juurtes

Sortidel seenerühmade elurikkus erineb :

- kõik seened
- patogeenid
- saprotroofid



Loit et al. 2020 Agronomy



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Taimkatte taastamine



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M – AM seente lisamine

MS – AM seened + seemned

S – seemned

K – kontroll (ei lisata AM seeni ega seemneid)



M

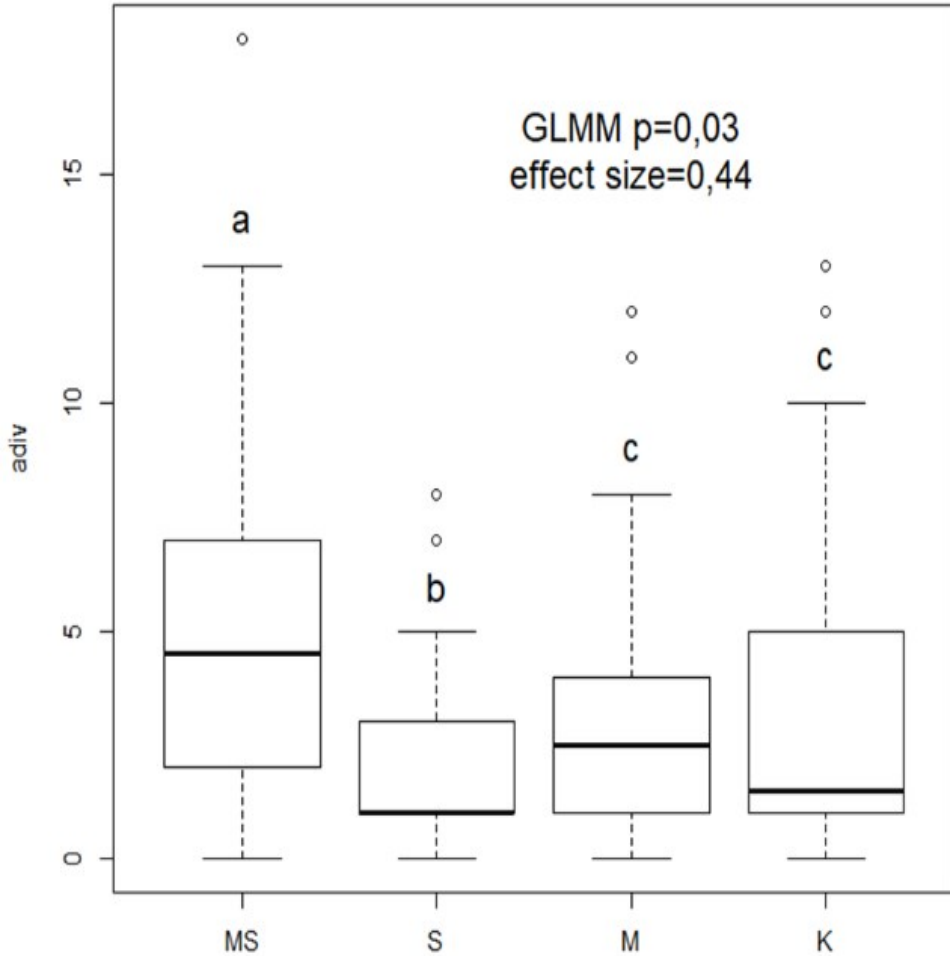
S

MS

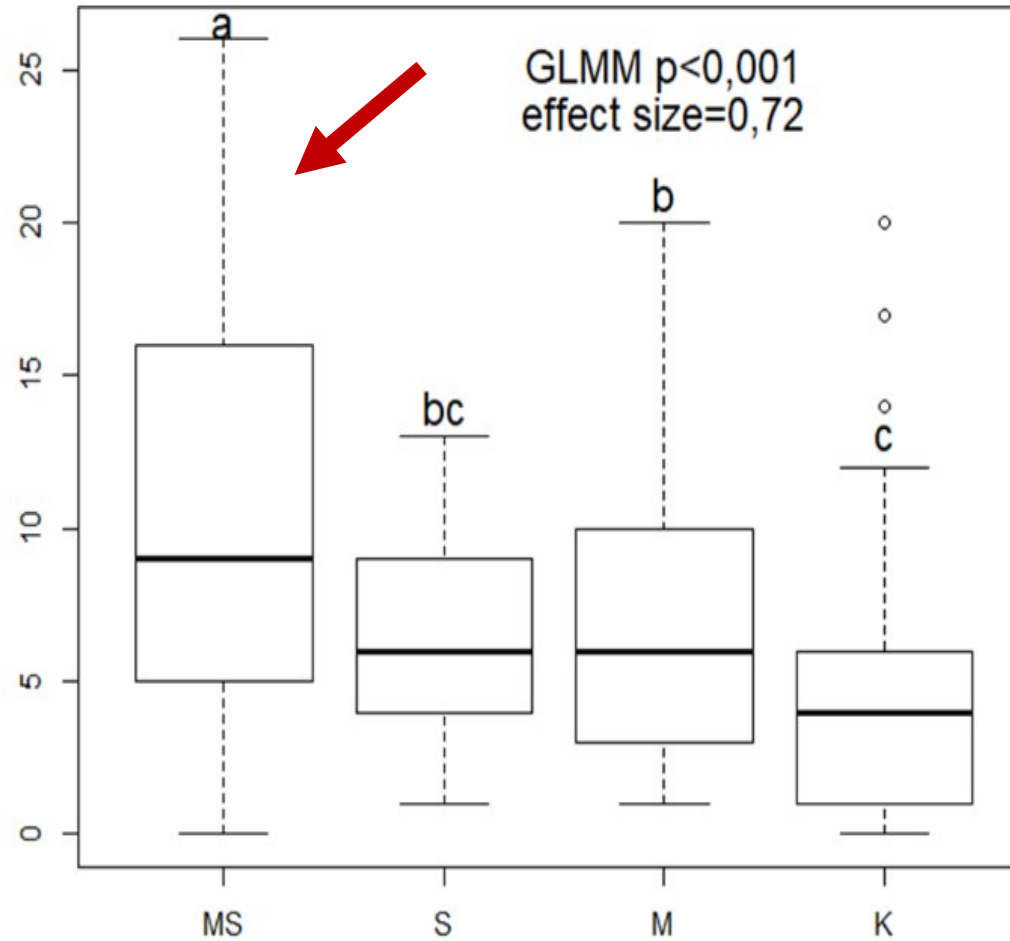
K

AM seente elurikkus suurenes 2x

AM fungi adiv 2017



AM fungi adiv 2018



MS – AM
seeded +
seedned

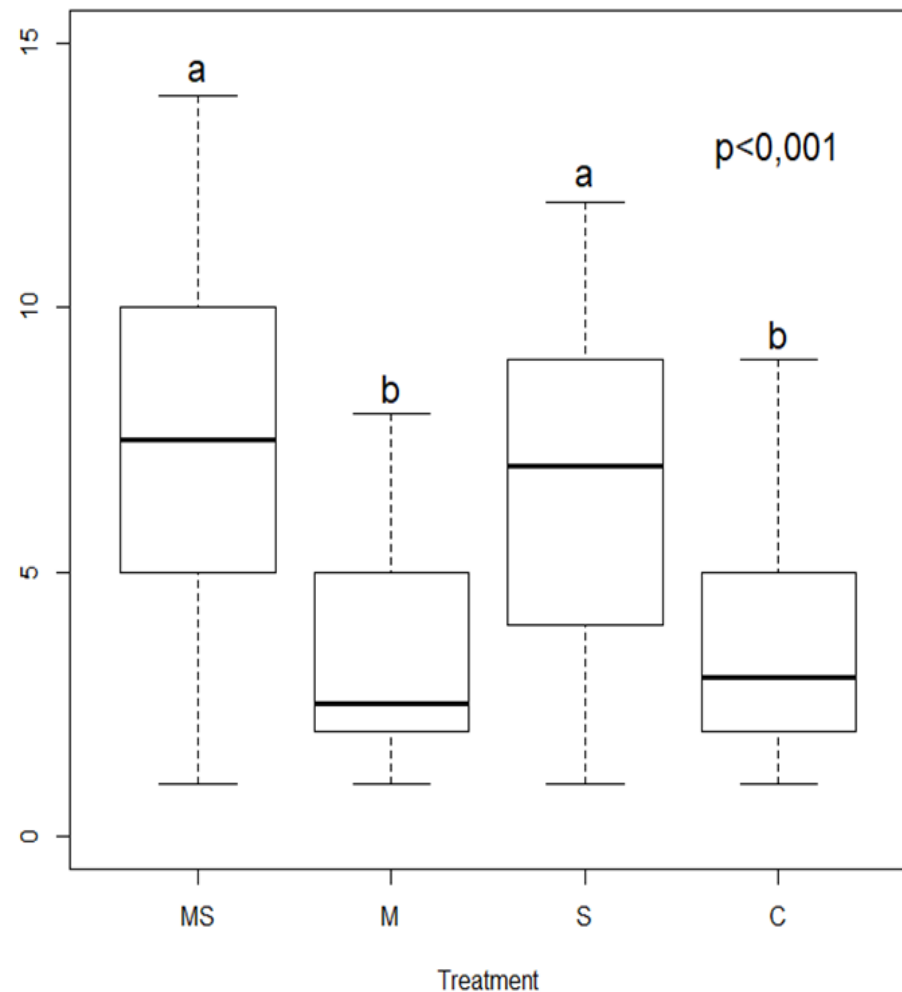
M – AM
seedned

S – seedned

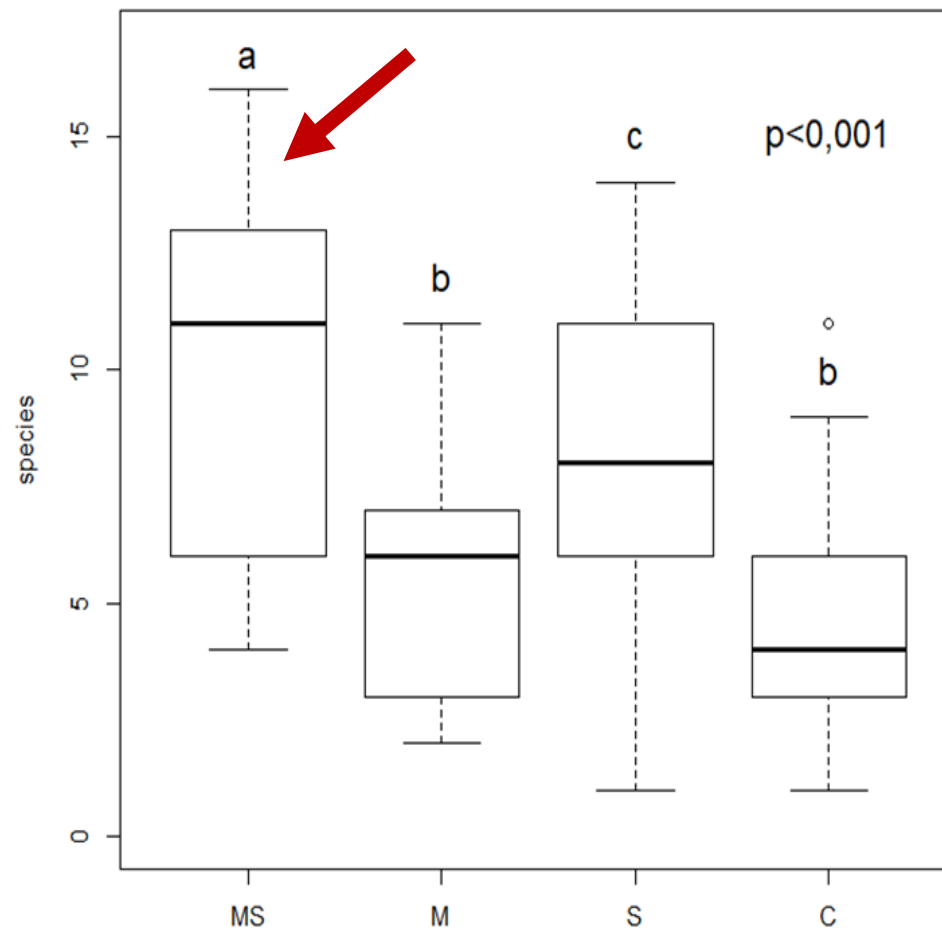
K – kontroll

Taimede liigirikkus suurenes >2x

Plant species richness 1st year



Plant species richness 2nd year



MS – AM
seeded +
seeded

M – AM
seeded

S – seeded

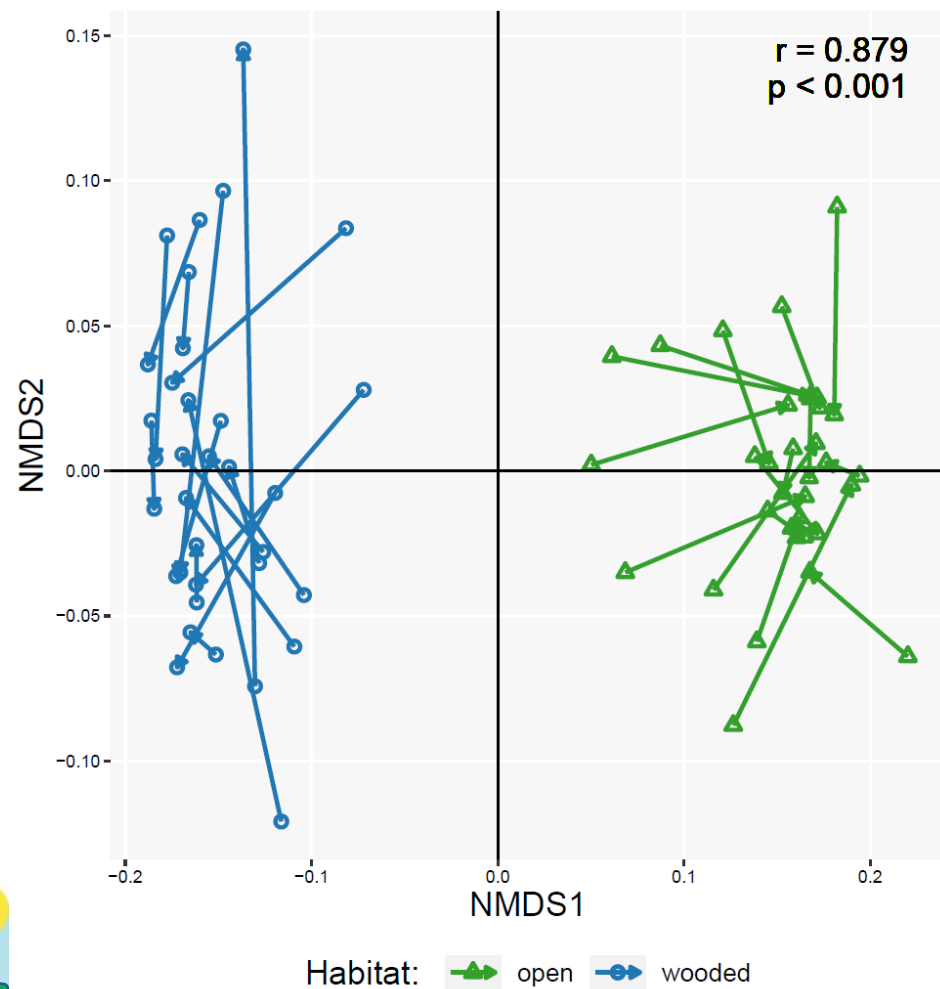
K – kontroll



Adding plant seeds and AMF: massive
vegetation recovery







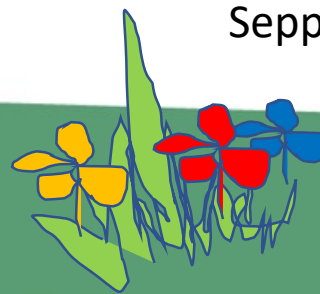
**Taimede ja AM seente
kooslused käivad
puisniidul käsikäes:**

**Metsa- ja niidulaigud
erinevad taimatte JA
seenekoosluste
poolest**

Sepp et al. (2021) Ecosphere



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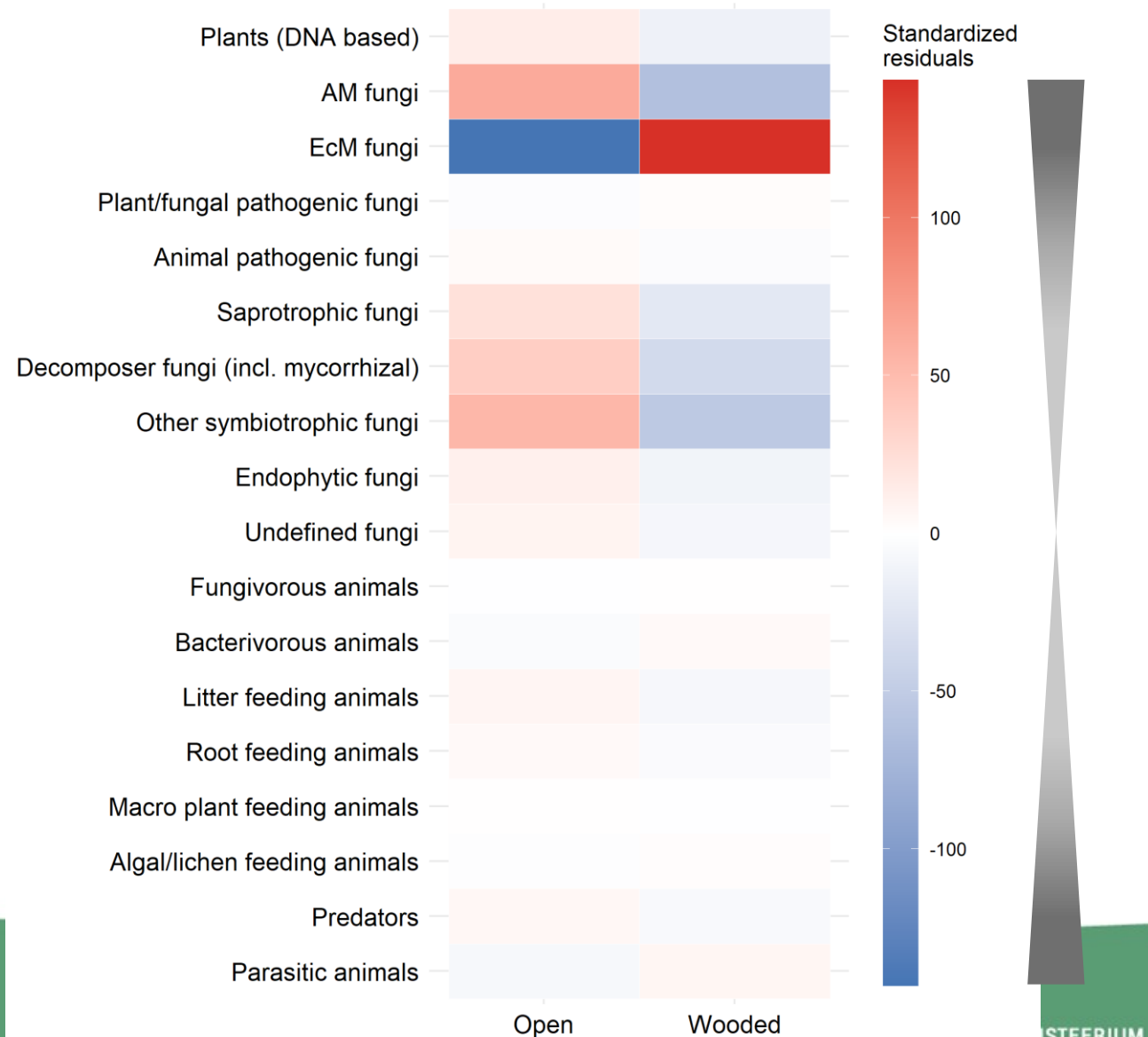
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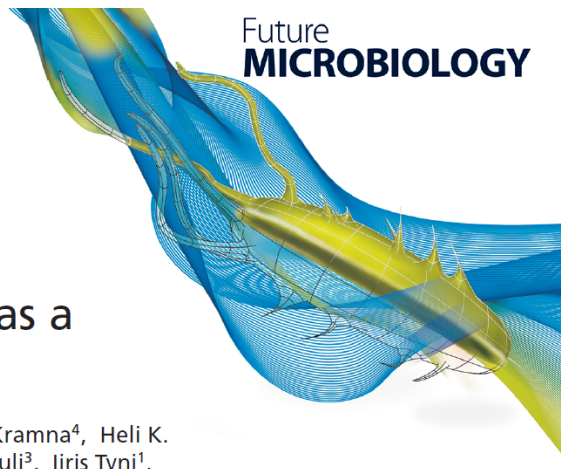
Mükoriisaseened dirigeerivad mullaelustiku erinevusi metsa- ja niidulaikude vahel



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Short Communication

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Nature-derived microbiota exposure as a novel immunomodulatory approach

Noora Nurminen¹, Jake Lin^{1,2}, Mira Grönroos³, Riikka Puhakka³, Lenka Kramna⁴, Heli K. Vari³, Hanna Viskari^{1,5}, Sami Oikarinen¹, Marja Roslund³, Anirudra Parajuli³, Iiris Tyni¹, Ondrej Cinek⁴, Olli Laitinen¹, Heikki Hyöty^{*1,6} & Aki Sinkkonen³

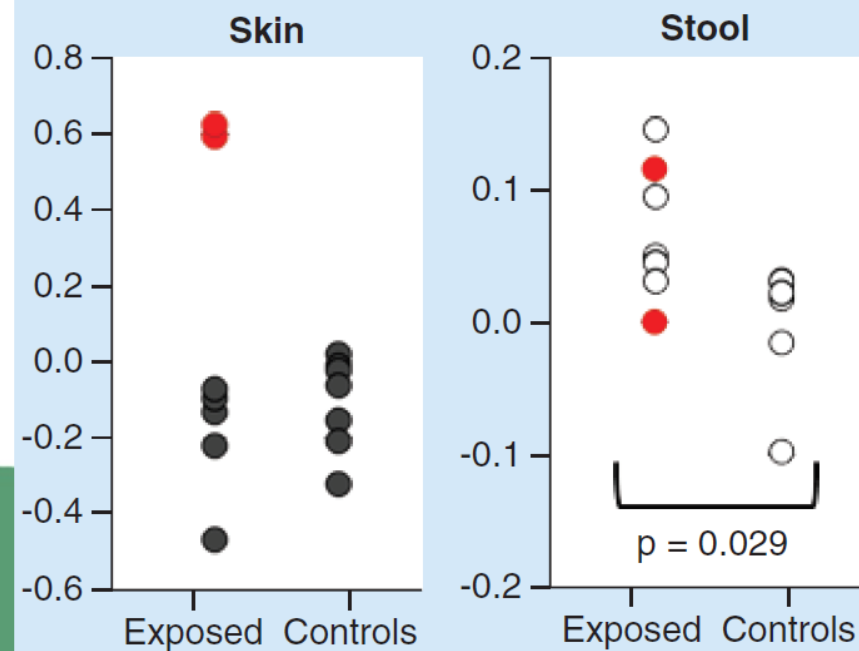
Näpud mulda!

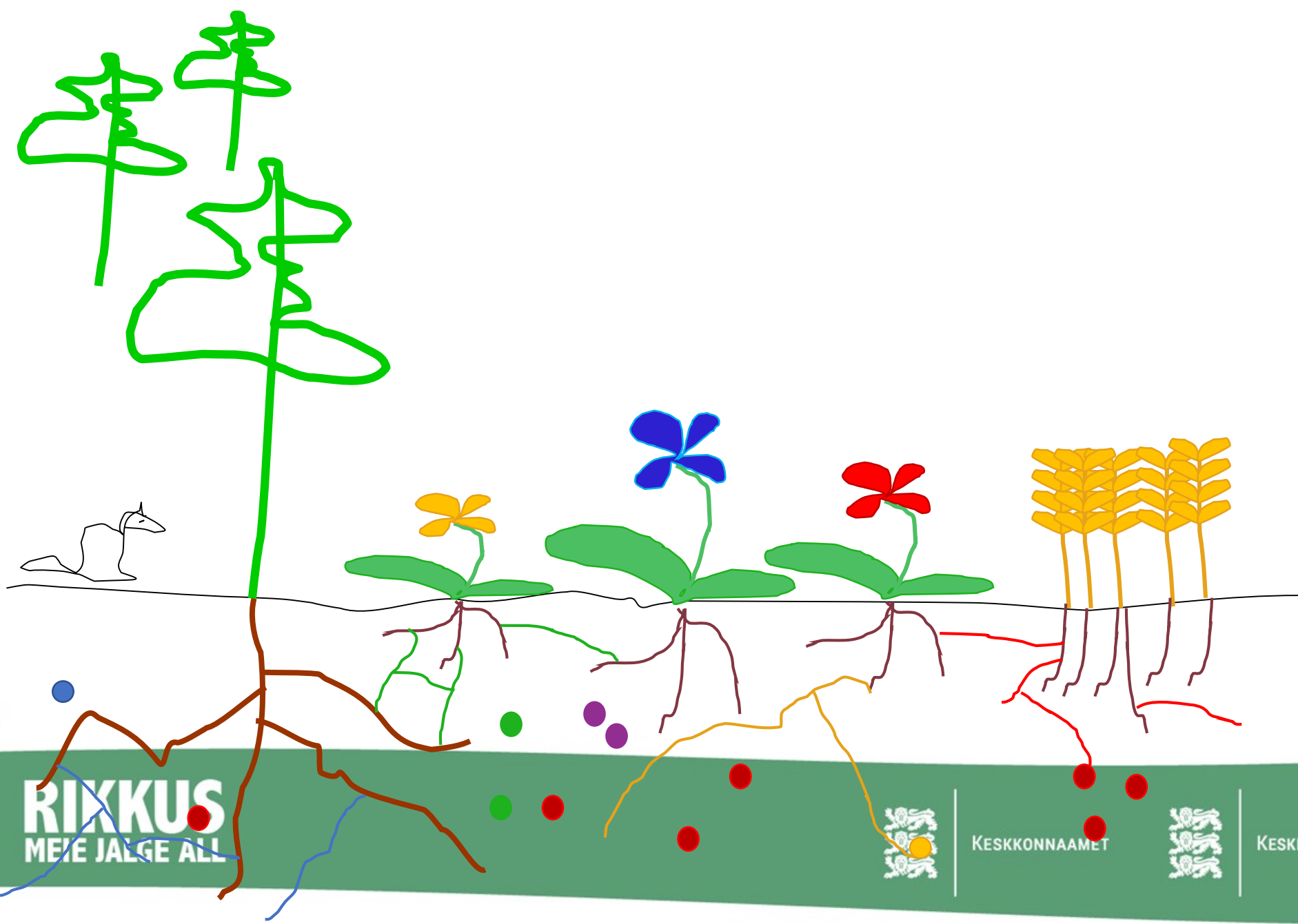
Kontakt elusmullaga suurendab inimese mikrobioomi rikkust ja parandab immuunvastust



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Shannon α diversity – rate of change





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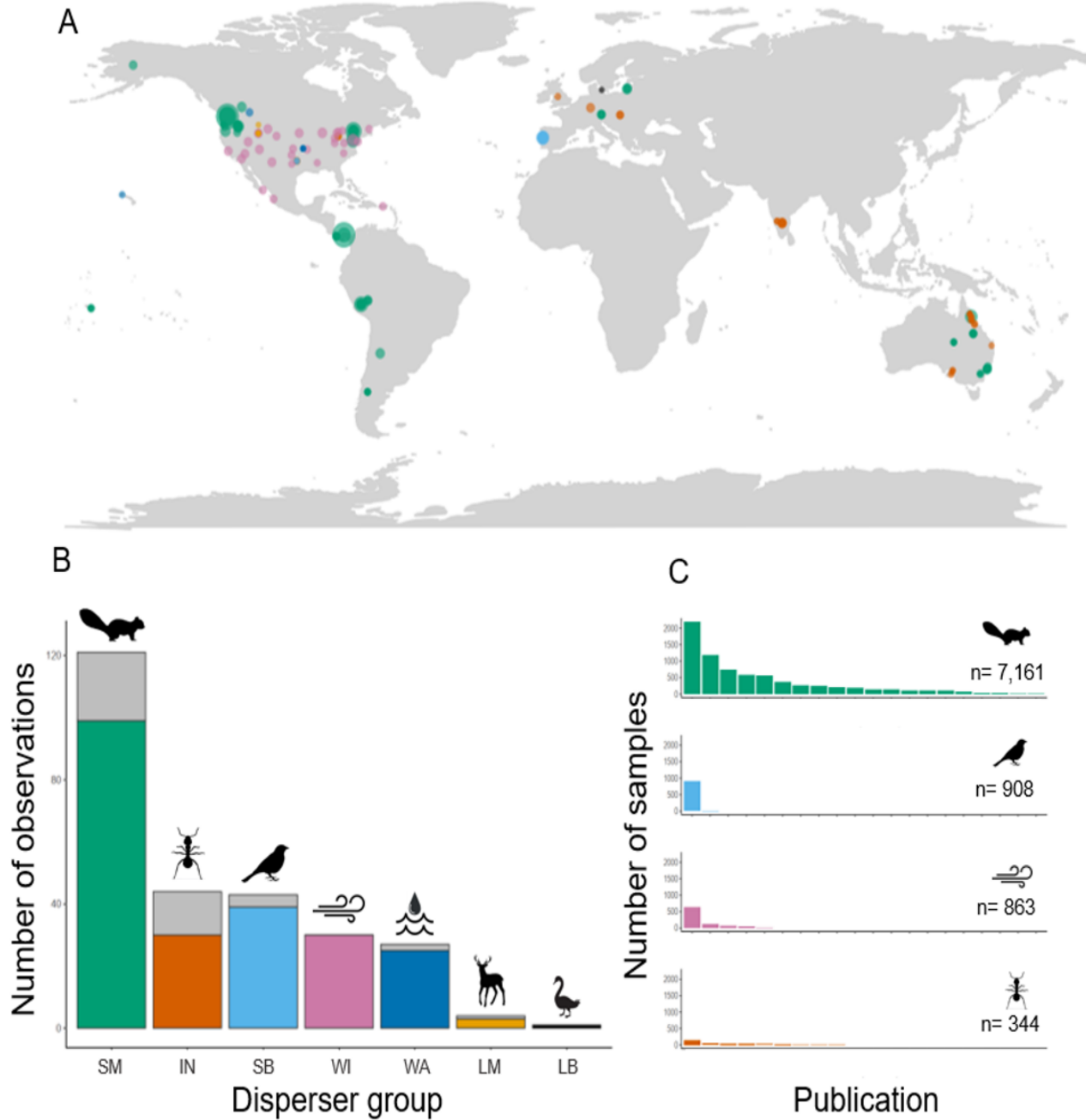


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How do AM fungi disperse? A global analysis

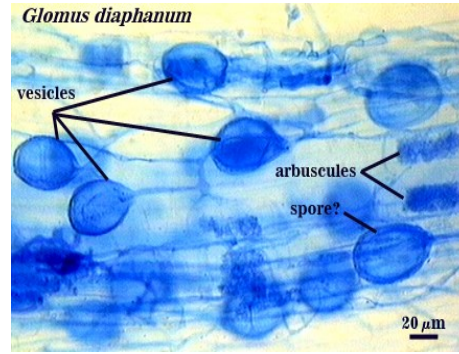


Propagules

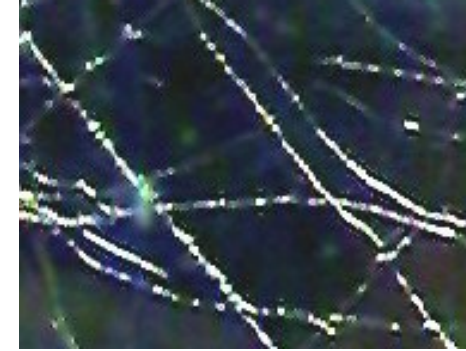
Spores



Colonised roots



Mycelium



Vectors



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Wind



Water



Animals

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AMF arrival to a new patch



Pildid ©2016 CNES / Astrium, Kaardiandmed ©2016 Google 100 m



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Garcia de Leon et al. 2016. *Acta Oecol* 77: 128-135



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AMF arrival to a new patch

AMF and plants in trap boxes after 11 months:

- **30 AMF spp.**
 - ruderal AMF: 30% spp, 70% sequences
- **30 plant spp.**
 - ruderal plants: 30% of spp
- relation to distance from propagule source:
 - AMF: no
 - plants: yes